Writing Recommendation Letters

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George Adams, Philosopher

"There is no such thing as a 'self-made' man. We are made up of thousands of others. Everyone who has ever done a kind deed for us, or spoken one word of encouragement to us, has entered into the make-up of our character and of our thoughts, as well as our success."

Letters of Recommendation are Important

- It is a letter that makes a statement of support for a candidate.
- It should present a well-documented evaluation, providing sufficient evidence and information to help a selection committee in making its decision.
- Typically the letters are given <u>a lot</u> of weight in the decision and can be as important or more important than other components of the application
 - Allows the reader to get a clear idea of what the person is "really" like

Who Are You Writing Letters For?

- Students applying for studies/rotations (Shorter, state their maturity, ability to learn)
- Students applying for jobs/ postdocs (Longer, talk about their projects, unpublished projects, what was their contribution to each and to lab)
- Faculty members who are up for promotion (Super important, be sure to take seriously, takes many hours to write a good one)
- All of the above who have been nominated for awards

Think About Your Reasons for Writing

- To help an individual get to the next level
- To help your institution get its learners to wellknown institutions
- Provide potential employers/ program/ fellowship directors with useful data to select the best/appropriate candidates
- Because you were asked and didn't know how to say no

Your Letter Builds on Your Reputation and Integrity

- Don't write a stronger letter than is deserved
- Don't give half-truths or fail to disclose the whole truth
- Don't fear repercussion for writing truthful criticisms
- If you write untruthful criticisms beware of repercussion

Suggested Letter Format

- The Student Introduction
- Body (Scientific)
- Body (Personal)
- Conclusion

The Student Introduction

- Address letter to specific person, if possible
- 1-3 sentences
- Introduces you & the student
- Identifies your relationship
- Demonstrates the context

The Body of the Letter (Scientific)

Demonstrates your relationship

How do you know the student? How long have you known the student? In what context do you know the student?

- Talks about applicants work (role in manuscripts, unpublished work)
- Indicates the applicant's strengths

Strengths of the Student (Personal)

- Interpersonal skills, personal attributes and special interests that make the candidate unique
- Personality/Character
- Community/teaching involvement (above & beyond what's required)

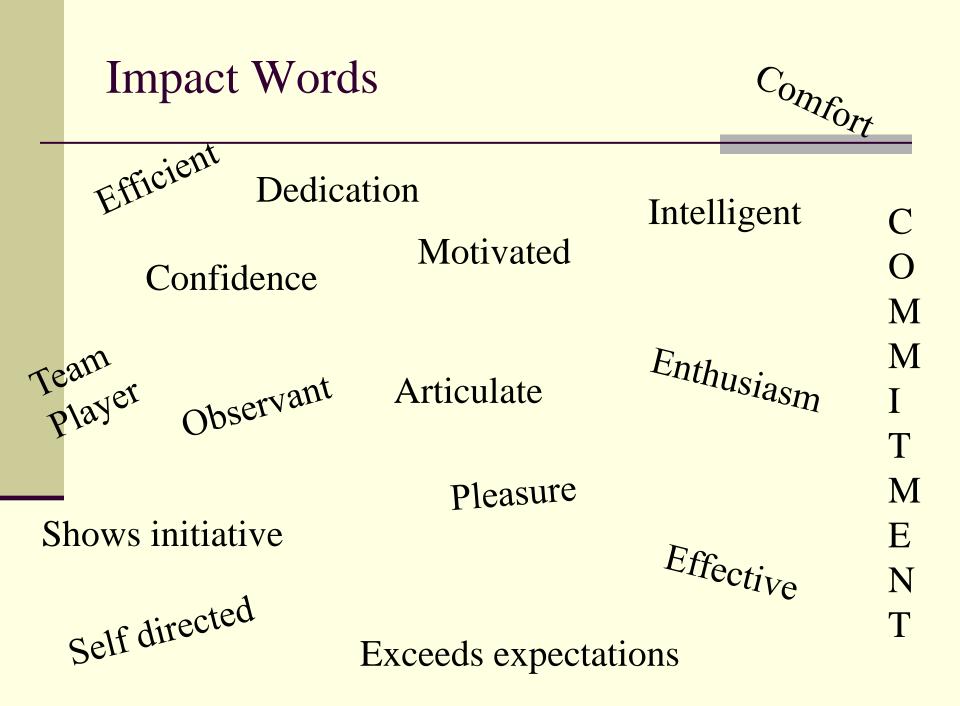
The Conclusion

- Wrap up your thoughts
- Final comments on the student's impact
- Consider ranking the student (he is in the top 5% of students I have mentored....)
- Include your contact information

Strengths of the Student (What you don't say is as important as what you do....)

- Intellectual ability/curiosity
- Originality
- Critical thinker
- Technical skills
- Ability to incorporate new ideas
- Leadership ability
- Initiative
- Work ethic/ hard working
- Communication skills (verbal & written)
- Academic performance
- Honors and awards
- Integrity/ reliability
- Willingness to follow lab policy
- Ability to work with others
- Ability to work independently
- Maturity

Tip: Choose one to highlight and give personal anecdote



The Secret Language

Rank Words

- Outstanding
- Excellent
- Very good
- Good
- Solid
- Appropriate for level of training



Recommend

- Wholeheartedly
- Enthusiastically
- Without reservation
- With confidence
- With pleasure
- With comfort
- Strongly

General Tips for Your Letters

- Ideally 1 page in length but no longer than 2
- Font no smaller than 10 point
- Bold or italicize important information
- Add personal remarks/ stories
- DON'T FORGET TO PROOFREAD!!!!
- Create your own identifiable letterhead
- Include your contact information
- Use the Common Application form if requested
- Try to write two days in advance and get back to it just before you send.
- Keep copies for your records
- E-mail the student once you have submitted the letter

What's Not Helpful!

- Short, uninspired or non-specific letters
- Generic letters (drop in name) (to avoid this always start from scratch)
- Summary letters of scores, class rank, etc.
- Faint or undocumented praise
- Letters telling about yourself

When You Can't Write A Great Letter

- Note impressive improvements/response to feedback
- Focus on what was accomplished (i.e. completed all the reading assignments, was punctual) EVEN if accomplishments were expected.
- Highlight previous successes
 - May repeat details from CV/academic record
- Put interpersonal skills (3rd paragraph) as the 2nd paragraph for more academically weak candidates

If you don't have ANYTHING nice to say. . .

- Seriously consider saying no or at least disclose beforehand
- Limit criticism to one paragraph late in the letter
- Phrasing criticism in an affirmative way
 - "Her teaching will improve once she gains a higher level of confidence...."
 - "His fund of knowledge will improve as he continues to read about his patients...."
 - "I'm confident that her interpersonal skills will improve as she gains more experience working on a team...."
 - "He readily accepts and incorporates feedback regarding his need to work on...."

Sir Winston Churchhill

"We make a living by what we get. We make a life by what we give."

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