

# STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURE 307 RODENT MAMMARY FAT PAD INJECTION

# 1. PURPOSE

This Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) intends to describe the procedure for mammary fat pad injection surgery in rodents.

### 2. RESPONSIBILITY

Principal investigator (PI) and their research staff.

### 3. MATERIALS

- 3.1. Analgesics
- 3.2. Anesthetic
- 3.3. Sterile ophthalmic ointment
- 3.4. Electric clipper or depilatory cream
- 3.5. Sterile gauze
- 3.6. Antiseptic solution for skin (e.g., chlorhexidine 4% solution or povidone-iodine solution used alternatively with 70% alcohol or 0.5% chlorhexidine in 70% alcohol solution)
- 3.7. Heating pack or warming pad.
- 3.8. Sterile isotonic saline solution
- 3.9. Sterile cotton-tipped swabs
- 3.10. Sterile surgical instruments
- 3.11. Hot bead sterilizer
- 3.12. Surgical tissue glue, absorbable sutures (e.g., 5-0 Assucryl), or wound clips

### 4. PROCEDURE

- 4.1. Refer to Rodent Surgery SOP.
- 4.2. Document the details of the surgical procedure in the Rodent Procedure Log or with the BGU Preclinical Management System.
- 4.3. Administer analgesia to recipient animals as per Rodent Analgesia SOP.
- 4.4. Anesthetize the donor (if applicable) and recipient animal as per Anesthesia SOP.

- 4.5. Apply ophthalmic ointment in both eyes of the recipient animal to prevent corneal desiccation. Reapply as needed.
- 4.6. If applicable, obtain donor animal tissues (small tumor pieces) for implantation. Place the sample in sterile PBS until implantation—Euthanize the donor with CO<sub>2</sub>.

Note: the donor animal is anesthetized instead of euthanized before tumor collection to maintain the sterility of the samples and minimize the time to transplant.

- 4.7. Remove hair over the area surrounding the animal's abdominal (#4) mammary gland using a clipper or depilatory cream. Remove loose hair with gauze.
- 4.8. Wipe the skin surface with 70% alcohol followed by 4% chlorhexidine or povidone-iodine solution.
- 4.9. Mammary Fat Pad Injection:
  - 4.9.1 Place the recipient animal in dorsal recumbency.
  - 4.9.2 Make a 0.5cm incision between the abdominal (#4) mammary gland/nipple and the midline. Alternatively, the incision can be made in the flank, cranial to the abdominal (#4) mammary gland/nipple.
  - 4.9.3 Gently separate the skin from the underlying fascia using a sterile cotton swab or blunt dissection. Care should be taken not to damage the peritoneal cavity.
  - 4.9.4 <u>Injection of cell suspension</u>:
    - 4.9.4.1 Locate the mammary fat pad, grasp it at its base, and stabilize it using jewelersor microdissecting forceps.
    - 4.9.4.2 Inject cells directly into the fat pad in a maximum volume of  $100 \mu L$
  - 4.9.5 Implantation of tissue fragments:
    - 4.9.5.1 Locate the mammary fat pad, grasp it at its base, and stabilize it using jewelers ormicrodissecting forceps.
    - 4.9.5.2 Prepare a pocket in the fat pad by carefully inserting the closed points of a jeweler's forceps into the fat pad.
    - 4.9.5.3 Remove forceps points from the fat pad and transplant donor tissue into the prepared pocket. Tissue fragments should exceed 3x3x3mm.
  - 4.9.6 Apply local topical analgesic to the incision.
  - 4.9.7 Hold the edges of the incision together with forceps and use one drop of tissue glue to close the skin. Alternatively, suture the incision or use wound clips.
  - 4.9.8 Repeat on the contralateral side.
- 4.10 Disinfect the instruments between each animal by dipping them in a hot glass bead sterilizer for approximately 30 seconds after removing any blood and debris (let cool completely).
- 4.11 Allow animals to recover in a clean cage. Provide supplemental heat for approximately 30 minutes and monitor the animals until they fully recover before returning them to their housing room.
- 4.12 Administer analgesics post-operatively as per Rodent Analgesia SOP.

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