פסטיבל המחקר השנתי הראשון

בנושא

## אנרגיה וקיימות

08.12.2021















## Nitrate's control on methane emissions from Lake Kinneret sediments

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- Methane (CH<sub>4</sub>) is the 2<sup>nd</sup> most important greenhouse gas after CO<sub>2</sub> and is 25 times more efficient than CO<sub>2</sub> in heat-trapping.
- Therefore, monitoring methane emissions and studying the **natural controls** on its consumption in sediments, are important for better understanding of methane cycles.
- This study was conducted to evaluate the potential role of **nitrate** as a sole electron acceptor for AOM (Anaerobic Oxidation of Methane) in a controlled sediment-water mesocosm.







## **Concentrations in Top Water**









