DOW CORNING

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 19.11.2015
1.6	30.04.2016	1109795-00007	Date of first issue: 12.01.2015

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1	Product identifier			
	Trade name	:	MOLYKOTE(R)	PTFE-N UV SPRAY
	Product code	:	0000000000017	707213
1.2	Relevant identified uses of th	e si	ubstance or mix	ture and uses advised against
	Use of the Sub- stance/Mixture	:	Lubricants and I	ubricant additives
1.3	Details of the supplier of the s	safe	ety data sheet	
	Company	:	Dow Corning Eu rue Jules Borde B-7180 Seneffe	urope S.A. t - Parc Industriel - Zone C e
	Telephone	:	English Tel: Deutsch Tel: Français Tel: Italiano Tel: Español Tel:	+49 611237507 +49 611237500 +32 64511149 +32 64511170 +32 64511163
	E-mail address of person responsible for the SDS	:	sdseu@dowcori	ning.com

## 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Dow Corning (Barry U.K. 24h) Tél: +44 1446732350 Dow Corning (Wiesbaden 24h) Tél: +49 61122158 Dow Corning (Seneffe 24h) Tel: +32 64 888240

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 127	(2/2008)
Aerosols, Category 1	H222: Extremely flammable aerosol. H229: Pressurised container: May burst if heated.
Skin irritation, Category 2	H315: Causes skin irritation.
Serious eye damage, Category 1	H318: Causes serious eye damage.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 3	H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, Category 2	H373: May cause damage to organs through pro- longed or repeated exposure.
Chronic aquatic toxicity, Category 3	H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.



Version 1.6	Revision Date: 30.04.2016	SDS Nu 1109795	mber: -00007	Date of last issue: 19.11.2015 Date of first issue: 12.01.2015
2.2 Label e	elements			
<b>Label</b> Hazar	<b>ling (REGULATION (E</b> d pictograms	:C) No 127 :	2/2008)	
Signal	word	: Dang	ər	
Hazar	d statements	: H222 H229 H315 H318 H336 H373 repea H412	Extremel Pressuris Causes s Causes s May caus May caus ted exposu Harmful t	y flammable aerosol. ed container: May burst if heated. kin irritation. erious eye damage. se drowsiness or dizziness. se damage to organs through prolonged or re. o aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Preca	utionary statements	: Preve	ention:	
		P210 flame P211 P251 P260 P271 P280	Keep awa s and other Do not sp Do not pi Do not br Use only Wear eye	ay from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open ignition sources. No smoking. oray on an open flame or other ignition source. erce or burn, even after use. eathe spray. outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. e protection/ face protection.
		Resp P305 with w sent a	onse: + P351 + P vater for sev and easy to	338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously reral minutes. Remove contact lenses, if pre- do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a
		POIS Stora P410 perate	ge: + P412 F ures exceed	Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to tem- ing 50 °C/ 122 °F.
Hazar Butan	dous components whic e	h must be	listed on th	e label:
Butan	-1-ol			

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy

## 2.3 Other hazards

None known.

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

## 3.2 Mixtures

Chemical nature

DOW CORNING

	Version 1.6	Revision Date: 30.04.2016	SDS Number: 1109795-00007	Date of last issue: 19.11.2015 Date of first issue: 12.01.2015
--	----------------	---------------------------	------------------------------	---

### Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration
	EC-No.	(REGULATION	(% w/w)
	Registration number	(EC) No	
		1272/2008)	
Acetone	67-64-1	Flam. Liq.2; H225	>= 20 - < 30
	200-662-2	Eye Irrit.2; H319	
	01-2119471330-49	STOT SE3; H336	
Duton 1 al	74.00.0		
Butan-1-or	71-30-3	A sute Tax 4 U202	>= 5 - < 10
	200-731-0	ACULE TOX.4, H302	
	01-2119404030-30	Eve Dam 1: H318	
		STOT SE3. H336	
		STOT SE3: H335	
Propane	74-98-6	Flam, Gas1; H220	>= 1 - < 10
	200-827-9	Press. GasLique-	
		fied gas; H280	
		STOT SE3; H336	
Xylene	1330-20-7	Flam. Liq.3; H226	>= 1 - < 10
	215-535-7	Acute Tox.4; H332	
	01-2119488216-32	Acute Tox.4; H312	
		Skin Irrit.2; H315	
		Eye Irrit.2; H319	
		STOT SE3; H335	
		STOT RE2; H373	
Norbith o (notrolourn) budrodooulfu	C 47 40 00 4	Asp. 10X.1; H304	
haphtha (petroleum), hydrodesullu-	04/42-82-1	FIAM. LIQ.3; H220	>= 2.5 - < 10
nzeu neavy	200-100-4	STOT RE1. H372	
		Asp. Tox 1: H304	
		Aquatic Chronic2:	
		H411	
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Flam. Liq.2; H225	>= 1 - < 10
	202-849-4	Acute Tox.4; H332	
		STOT RE2; H373	
		Asp. Tox.1; H304	
		Aquatic Chronic3;	
	05 00 0	H412	. 01 .1
I,∠,4-I IIMethyidenZene	90-03-0 202 426 0	Aguto Tox 4: 4222	>= 0.1 - < 1
	202-430-9	Skin Irrit 2: H315	
		Eve Irrit 2. H310	
		STOT SE3 H335	
		Asp. Tox.1: H304	
		Aquatic Chronic2:	
		H411	
Substances with a workplace exposur	e limit :	1	
Butane	106-97-8	Flam. Gas1; H220	>= 30 - < 50
	203-448-7	Press. GasLique-	
		tied gas; H280	
n Dutul ecotote	400.00.4	5101 SE3; H336	. 10 . 15
	123-00-4	FIAIII. LIQ.3; H226	>= 10 - < 15
	204-030-1	SIUI SE3; H330	

Versio 1.6	on	Revision Date: 30.04.2016		SDS Number:Date of last issue: 19.11.20151109795-00007Date of first issue: 12.01.2015			
				01-2119485493-29			
F	For exp	planation of abbreviat	ions	see section 16.			
SEC	TION	4: First aid measu	res				
4.1 D	escrip	tion of first aid mea	sure	S			
C	Genera	al advice	:	In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical ad- vice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.			
F	Protect	ion of first-aiders	:	First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists.			
ľ	f inhale	ed	:	If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.			
I	n case	of skin contact	:	In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.			
I	n case	of eye contact	:	In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn. Get medical attention immediately.			
ľ	f swall	owed	:	If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.			
4.2 M	lost im	portant symptoms	and e	effects, both acute and delayed			
F	Risks		:	Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.			
4.3 In	ndicati	on of any immediate	e meo	dical attention and special treatment needed			
Г	Treatm	ent	:	Treat symptomatically and supportively.			
SEC	TION	5: Firefighting me	asur	es			
5.1 E	xtingu	ishing media					
5	Suitable	e extinguishing media	a :	Water spray Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)			

DOW CORNING

Vers 1.6	sion	Revision Date: 30.04.2016	SD 11(	S Number: 09795-00007	Date of last issue: 19.11.2015 Date of first issue: 12.01.2015
				Dry chemical	
	Unsuita media	ble extinguishing	:	None known.	
5.2	Special	hazards arising from	the	substance or mix	ture
	Specific fighting	hazards during fire-	:	Flash back possib Vapours may form Exposure to comb If the temperature due to the high va	le over considerable distance. In explosive mixtures with air. In pustion products may be a hazard to health. In rises there is danger of the vessels bursting por pressure.
	Hazardo ucts	ous combustion prod-	:	Carbon oxides Formaldehyde Fluorine compoun	ds
5.3	Advice f	or firefighters			
	Special for firefi	protective equipment ghters	:	In the event of fire Use personal prot	, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. ective equipment.
	Specific ods	extinguishing meth-	:	Use extinguishing cumstances and the Use water spray to Remove undamage so. Evacuate area.	measures that are appropriate to local cir- he surrounding environment. o cool unopened containers. ged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

6.1 Personal precautions, prote	ctive	e equipment and emergency procedures
Personal precautions	:	Remove all sources of ignition. Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equip- ment recommendations.
6.2 Environmental precautions		
Environmental precautions	:	Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers). Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
6.3 Methods and material for co	ontai	nment and cleaning up
Methods for cleaning up	:	Non-sparking tools should be used. Soak up with inert absorbent material.

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Suppress (knock down) gases/vapours/mists with a water spray jet. For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can

DOW CORNING

Version	Revision Date: 30.04.2016	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 19.11.2015
1.6		1109795-00007	Date of first issue: 12.01.2015
		be pumped, stor Clean up remain bent. Local or national posal of this ma employed in the mine which regu Sections 13 and certain local or r	re recovered material in appropriate container. hing materials from spill with suitable absor- al regulations may apply to releases and dis- terial, as well as those materials and items cleanup of releases. You will need to deter- ulations are applicable. I 15 of this SDS provide information regarding national requirements.

## 6.4 Reference to other sections

See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.

**SECTION 7: Handling and storage** 

7.1 Precautions for safe handling		
Technical measures	:	See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.
Local/Total ventilation	:	Use with local exhaust ventilation. Use only in an area equipped with explosion proof exhaust ventilation.
Advice on safe handling	:	Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.
Hygiene measures	:	Ensure that eye flushing systems and safety showers are located close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, in	ncl	uding any incompatibilities
Requirements for storage areas and containers	:	Keep in properly labelled containers. Store locked up. Keep tightly closed. Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Keep cool. Protect from sun- light.
Advice on common storage	:	Do not store with the following product types: Self-reactive substances and mixtures Organic peroxides Oxidizing agents Flammable solids Pyrophoric liquids Pyrophoric solids Self-heating substances and mixtures

DOW CORNING

Version 1.6	Revision Date: 30.04.2016	SD 11	S Number: 09795-00007	Date of last issue: 19.11.2015 Date of first issue: 12.01.2015
			Substances and n flammable gases Explosives Gases	nixtures, which in contact with water, emit
7.3 Specific	end use(s)			
Specific	c use(s)	:	For further information oils in consumer a guidance docume als in consumer a by the silicone ind Dow Corning cust	ation regarding the use of silicones / organic herosol applications, please refer to the nt regarding the use of these type of materi- erosol applications that has been developed lustry (www.SEHSC.com) or contact the omer service group.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

## 8.1 Control parameters

## **Occupational Exposure Limits**

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis			
Acetone	67-64-1	TWA	500 ppm 1,210 mg/m3	2000/39/EC			
Further information	Indicative						
Xylene	1330-20-7	TLV-TWA	100 ppm	IL OEL			
		TLV-C	150 mg/m3	IL OEL			
		TWA	50 ppm 221 mg/m3	2000/39/EC			
Further information	Identifies the possibility of significant uptake through the skin, Indicative						
		STEL	100 ppm 442 mg/m3	2000/39/EC			
Further information	Identifies the	ntifies the possibility of significant uptake through the skin, Indicative					
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	TWA	100 ppm 442 mg/m3	2000/39/EC			
Further information	Identifies the	possibility of significa	ant uptake through the skin, I	ndicative			
		STEL	200 ppm 884 mg/m3	2000/39/EC			
Further information	Identifies the	possibility of significa	ant uptake through the skin, I	ndicative			
1,2,4- Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	TWA	20 ppm 100 mg/m3	2000/39/EC			
Further information	Indicative						

## **Biological occupational exposure limits**

Substance name	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Sampling time	Basis
Xylene	1330-20-7	methyl hippuric acid: 1.5 g/g creati- nine (Urine)		IL BEI

## Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	End Use	Exposure routes	Potential health ef- fects	Value
Acetone	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	1210 mg/m3

sion	Revision Date: 30.04.2016	SDS Nui 1109795	mber: Da 5-00007 Da	te of last issue: 19.11.2015 te of first issue: 12.01.2015	
1			lub alation		0 400 = / 0
		VVOrKerS		Acute local effects	2420 mg/m3
		vvorkers	Skin contact	effects	186 mg/kg bw/day
		Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	200 mg/m3
		Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	62 mg/kg bw/day
		Consumers	Ingestion	Long-term systemic effects	62 mg/kg bw/day
n-But	yl acetate	Workers	Inhalation	Acute systemic ef- fects	960 mg/m3
		Workers	Inhalation	Acute local effects	960 ma/m3
		Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	480 mg/m3
		Workers	Inhalation	Long-term local ef-	480 mg/m3
		Consumers	Inhalation	Acute systemic ef-	859.7 mg/m
		Consumers	Inhalation	Acute local effects	859.7 mg/m
		Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	102.34 mg/r
		Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term local ef-	102.34 mg/r
Butar	ו-1-ol	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term local ef- fects	310 mg/m3
		Consumers	Ingestion	Long-term systemic effects	3.125 mg/kg bw/dav
		Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term local ef- fects	55 mg/m3
Xylen	e	Workers	Inhalation	Acute systemic ef- fects	289 mg/m3
		Workers	Inhalation	Acute local effects	289 ma/m3
		Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	180 mg/kg bw/dav
		Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	77 mg/m3
		Consumers	Inhalation	Acute systemic ef- fects	174 mg/m3
		Consumers	Inhalation	Acute local effects	174 mg/m3
		Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	108 mg/kg bw/day
		Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	14.8 mg/m3
		Consumers	Ingestion	Long-term systemic effects	1.6 mg/kg bw/day
Ethylk	benzene	Workers	Inhalation	Acute local effects	293 mg/m3
		Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	180 mg/kg bw/dav
		Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	77 mg/m3
		Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	15 mg/m3
		Consumers	Ingestion	Long-term systemic	1.6 mg/kg

DOW CORNING

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:

 1.6
 30.04.2016
 1109795-00007

Date of last issue: 19.11.2015 Date of first issue: 12.01.2015

## Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	Environmental Compartment	Value
Acetone	Fresh water	10.6 mg/l
	Marine water	1.06 mg/l
	Intermittent use/release	21 mg/l
	Sewage treatment plant	100 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	30.4 mg/kg
	Marine sediment	3.04 mg/kg
	Soil	29.5 mg/kg
n-Butyl acetate	Fresh water	0.18 mg/l
	Marine water	0.018 mg/l
	Intermittent use/release	0.36 mg/l
	Sewage treatment plant	35.6 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	0.981 mg/kg
	Marine sediment	0.0981 mg/kg
	Soil	0.0903 mg/kg
Butan-1-ol	Fresh water	0.082 mg/l
	Marine water	0.0082 mg/l
	Intermittent use/release	2.25 mg/l
	Sewage treatment plant	2476 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	0.178 mg/kg
	Marine sediment	0.0178 mg/kg
	Soil	0.015 mg/kg
Xylene	Fresh water	0.327 mg/l
	Marine water	0.327 mg/l
	Intermittent use/release	0.327 mg/l
	Sewage treatment plant	6.58 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	12.46 mg/kg
	Marine sediment	12.46 mg/kg
	Soil	2.31 mg/kg
Ethylbenzene	Fresh water	0.1 mg/l
	Marine water	0.01 mg/l
	Intermittent use/release	0.1 mg/l
	Sewage treatment plant	9.6 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	13.7 mg/kg
	Soil	2.68 mg/kg
	Oral (Secondary Poisoning)	0.02 mg/kg food

### 8.2 Exposure controls

## Engineering measures

Processing may form hazardous compounds (see section 10). Minimize workplace exposure concentrations. Use only in an area equipped with explosion proof exhaust ventilation. Use with local exhaust ventilation.

#### Personal protective equipment

Eye protection	<ul> <li>Wear the following personal protective equipment: Chemical resistant goggles must be worn.</li> <li>If splashes are likely to occur, wear: Face-shield</li> </ul>
Hand protection Material	Chemical-resistant gloves

DOW CORNING

Versior 1.6	n Revision Date: 30.04.2016	SD 11(	S Number: )9795-00007	Date of last issue: 19.11.2015 Date of first issue: 12.01.2015			
Remarks		:	: Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals dependi on the concentration and quantity of the hazardous sub- stance and specific to place of work. Breakthrough time is r determined for the product. Change gloves often! For speci applications, we recommend clarifying the resistance to chemicals of the aforementioned protective gloves with the glove manufacturer. Take note that the product is flammabl which may impact the selection of hand protection. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.				
Skin and body protection		:	Select appropriate protective clothing based on chemical r sistance data and an assessment of the local exposure po- tial. Wear the following personal protective equipment: Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing. Skin contact must be avoided by using impervious protect clothing (gloves, aprons, boots, etc).				
Respiratory protection Filter type		:	Use respiratory protilation is provided exposures are with	otection unless adequate local exhaust ven- or exposure assessment demonstrates that nin recommended exposure guidelines.			
		:	Self-contained bre	athing apparatus			

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

## 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	:	Aerosol containing a dissolved gas
Colour	:	white, translucent
Odour	:	solvent-like
Odour Threshold	:	No data available
рН	:	Not applicable
Melting point/freezing point	:	No data available
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	Not applicable
Flash point	:	Not applicable
Evaporation rate	:	Not applicable
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Extremely flammable aerosol.
Upper explosion limit	:	No data available
Lower explosion limit	:	No data available
Vapour pressure	:	No data available

DOW CORNING

Vers 1.6	sion	Revision Date: 30.04.2016	SDS 110	8 Number: 9795-00007	Date of last issue: 19.11.2015 Date of first issue: 12.01.2015
	Relative	e vapour density	:	No data available	
	Relative	e density	:	0.87	
	Solubili Wate	ty(ies) er solubility	:	No data available	
	Partition octanol	n coefficient: n- /water	:	No data available	
	Auto-igi	nition temperature	:	No data available	
	Decom	position temperature	:	No data available	
	Viscosit Visc	ty osity, dynamic	:	Not applicable	
	Explosive properties		:	Not explosive	
	Oxidizir	ng properties	:	The substance or	mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
9.2 Other information Molecular weight		:	No data available		

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

## **10.1 Reactivity**

Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

## 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions	:	Extremely flammable aerosol. Vapours may form explosive mixture with air. Use at elevated temperatures may form highly hazardous compounds. If the temperature rises there is danger of the vessels bursting due to the high vapor pressure. Can react with strong oxidizing agents. Hazardous decomposition products will be formed at elevated temperatures.

## 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

## 10.5 Incompatible materials

ents
,

## **10.6 Hazardous decomposition products**

Thermal decomposition : Formaldehyde



VersionRevision Date:1.630.04.2016		SD 11	9S Number: 09795-00007	Date of last issue: 19.11.2015 Date of first issue: 12.01.2015						
SEC		11: Toxicological in	for	mation						
11 1	11.1 Information on toxicological effects									
	Information on likely routes of exposure		:	Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion Eye contact						
	Acute to Not class	<b>oxicity</b> ssified based on availa	ble	information.						
	Compo	onents:								
	Aceton Acute o	e: oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): > 5,00	00 mg/kg					
	Acute ir	nhalation toxicity	:	LC50 (Rat): > 40 r Exposure time: 4 Test atmosphere:	ng/l h vapour					
	Acute d	lermal toxicity	:	LD50 (Rabbit): > \$	5,000 mg/kg					
	Butan-	1-ol:								
	Acute o	oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): 790 n	ng/kg					
	Acute ir	nhalation toxicity	:	LC0 (Rat): > 17.76 Exposure time: 4 Test atmosphere:	6 mg/l h vapour					
	Acute d	lermal toxicity	:	LD50 (Rabbit): 3,4	130 mg/kg					
	Propan	ie:								
	Acute ir	nhalation toxicity	:	LC50 (Rat): 241.8 Exposure time: 4 Test atmosphere:	mg/l h vapour					
	Xylene	:								
	Acute o	oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): 4,300 Method: Directive	mg/kg 67/548/EEC, Annex V, B.1.					
	Acute ir	nhalation toxicity	:	LC50 (Rat): 27.5 r Exposure time: 4 Test atmosphere:	ng/l h vapour					
				Acute toxicity estin Exposure time: 4 Test atmosphere: Method: Expert ju Remarks: Based of 1272/2008, Anney	mate: 11 mg/l h vapour dgement on harmonised classification in EU regulation c VI					

## Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 1,100 mg/kg

Vers 1.6	ion Revision Date: 30.04.2016	SE 11	0S Number: 09795-00007	Date of last issue: 19.11.2015 Date of first issue: 12.01.2015
			Method: Expert ju Remarks: Based 1272/2008, Annes	dgement on harmonised classification in EU regulation x VI
	Naphtha (petroleum), hydro	des	ulfurized heavy:	
	Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): > 5,0 Remarks: Based	00 mg/kg on data from similar materials
	Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LC50 (Rat): > 13. Exposure time: 4 Test atmosphere: Assessment: The tion toxicity Remarks: Based of	1 mg/l h vapour substance or mixture has no acute inhala- on data from similar materials
	Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): > 4,00 Assessment: The toxicity Remarks: Based of	00 mg/kg substance or mixture has no acute dermal on data from similar materials
	Ethylbenzene:			
	Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): 3,500	) mg/kg
	Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LC50 (Rat): 17.2 Exposure time: 4 Test atmosphere:	mg/l h vapour
	Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 (Rabbit): >	5,000 mg/kg
	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene:			
	Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): 3,400	) mg/kg
	Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LC50 (Rat): > 10. Exposure time: 4 Test atmosphere: Remarks: Based	2 mg/l h vapour on data from similar materials
	Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): > 3,1 Assessment: The toxicity	60 mg/kg substance or mixture has no acute dermal
	Butane:			
	Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LC50 (Rat): 658 n Exposure time: 4 Test atmosphere:	ng/l h vapour
	n-Butyl acetate:			
	Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): > 5,0	00 mg/kg
	Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LC50 (Rat): > 21. Exposure time: 4 Test atmosphere:	1 mg/l h vapour

DOW CORNING

Version 1.6	Revision Date: 30.04.2016	SDS Number: 1109795-00007	Date of last issue: 19.11.2015 Date of first issue: 12.01.2015
		Method: OE0	CD Test Guideline 403
Acute	e dermal toxicity	: LD50 (Rabbi Method: OE0	t): > 5,000 mg/kg CD Test Guideline 402
<b></b>	• • • •		

### Skin corrosion/irritation

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

#### Components:

### Acetone:

Assessment: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

### Butan-1-ol:

Species: Rabbit Result: Skin irritation

### Xylene:

Species: Rabbit Result: Skin irritation

### Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy:

Species: Rabbit Method: OECD Test Guideline 404 Result: No skin irritation Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Assessment: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

## 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene:

Species: Rabbit Result: Skin irritation Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

## n-Butyl acetate:

Assessment: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

## Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Irritating to eyes.

## **Components:**

### Acetone:

Species: Rabbit Method: OECD Test Guideline 405 Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

#### Butan-1-ol:

Species: Rabbit Method: OECD Test Guideline 405 Result: Irreversible effects on the eye

DOW CORNING

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:
1.6	30.04.2016	1109795-00007

Date of last issue: 19.11.2015 Date of first issue: 12.01.2015

### Xylene:

Species: Rabbit Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 7 days

### Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy:

Species: Rabbit Method: OECD Test Guideline 405 Result: No eye irritation Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

### Ethylbenzene:

Species: Rabbit Result: No eye irritation

## 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene:

Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

#### n-Butyl acetate:

Species: Rabbit Method: OECD Test Guideline 405 Result: No eye irritation

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

## Skin sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

### **Respiratory sensitisation**

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Components:**

#### Acetone:

Test Type: Maximisation Test Exposure routes: Skin contact Species: Guinea pig Result: negative

## Butan-1-ol:

Test Type: Maximisation Test Exposure routes: Skin contact Species: Guinea pig Result: negative

## Xylene:

Test Type: Local lymph node assay (LLNA) Exposure routes: Skin contact Species: Mouse Method: OECD Test Guideline 429 Result: negative

DOW CORNING

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:
1.6	30.04.2016	1109795-00007

Date of last issue: 19.11.2015 Date of first issue: 12.01.2015

### Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy:

Test Type: Maximisation Test Exposure routes: Skin contact Species: Guinea pig Method: OECD Test Guideline 406 Result: negative Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

### Ethylbenzene:

Test Type: Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT) Exposure routes: Skin contact Result: negative

## 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene:

Test Type: Maximisation Test Exposure routes: Skin contact Species: Guinea pig Method: OECD Test Guideline 406 Result: negative

### n-Butyl acetate:

Test Type: Buehler Test Exposure routes: Skin contact Species: Guinea pig Method: OECD Test Guideline 406 Result: negative

## Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Components:**

Acetone:	
Genotoxicity in vitro :	Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test Method: OECD Test Guideline 476 Result: negative
Genotoxicity in vivo :	Test Type: In vivo micronucleus test Species: Hamster Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection Result: negative
Butan-1-ol:	
Genotoxicity in vitro :	Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test Method: OECD Test Guideline 476 Result: negative
Propane:	
Genotoxicity in vitro :	Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES) Result: negative

DOW CORNING

Version 1.6	Revision Date: 30.04.2016	SDS Number: 1109795-00007	Date of last issue: 19.11.2015 Date of first issue: 12.01.2015
		: Test Type: Ch Method: OEC Result: negati	rromosome aberration test in vitro D Test Guideline 473 ve
Geno	otoxicity in vivo	: Test Type: Ma cytogenetic as Species: Rat Application Ro Method: OEC Result: negati	ammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo ssay) oute: inhalation (gas) D Test Guideline 474 ve
Xvle	ne:		
Gend	otoxicity in vitro	: Test Type: Ch Result: negati	rromosome aberration test in vitro ve
		: Test Type: In malian cells Result: negati	vitro sister chromatid exchange assay in mam- ve
Geno	otoxicity in vivo	: Test Type: Ro Species: Mou Application Ro Result: negati	odent dominant lethal test (germ cell) (in vivo) se oute: Skin contact ve
Napł	ntha (petroleum), hvo	Irodesulfurized heav	/v:
Geno	otoxicity in vitro	: Test Type: Ch Result: negati Remarks: Bas	nromosome aberration test in vitro ve sed on data from similar materials
Geno	otoxicity in vivo	: Test Type: Ma cytogenetic as Species: Mou Application Ro Result: negati Remarks: Bas	ammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo ssay) se oute: Inhalation ve sed on data from similar materials
Ethv	lbenzene:		
Geno	otoxicity in vitro	: Test Type: Ch Result: negati	nromosome aberration test in vitro ve
		: Test Type: In Method: OEC Result: negati	vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test D Test Guideline 476 ve
Geno	otoxicity in vivo	: Test Type: Ur mammalian liv Species: Mou Application Ro Method: OEC Result: negati	nscheduled DNA synthesis (UDS) test with ver cells in vivo se pute: Inhalation D Test Guideline 486 ve

## 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene:

DOW CORNING

Versio 1.6	n Revision Date: 30.04.2016	SD 11	S Number: 09795-00007	Date of last issue: 19.11.2015 Date of first issue: 12.01.2015
G	enotoxicity in vitro	:	Test Type: Bacteri Method: OECD Te Result: negative	al reverse mutation assay (AMES) est Guideline 471
G	enotoxicity in vivo	:	Test Type: Mamm cytogenetic assay Species: Mouse Application Route: Method: OECD Te Result: negative	alian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo ) Intraperitoneal injection est Guideline 474
В	utane:			
G	enotoxicity in vitro	:	Test Type: Bacteri Result: negative	al reverse mutation assay (AMES)
G	enotoxicity in vivo	:	Test Type: Mamm cytogenetic assay Species: Rat Application Route: Method: OECD Te Result: negative Remarks: Based o	alian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo inhalation (gas) est Guideline 474 on data from similar materials
n	Butyl acetate:			
G	enotoxicity in vitro	:	Test Type: Bacteri Result: negative	al reverse mutation assay (AMES)
		:	Test Type: Chrom Result: negative	osome aberration test in vitro
G	enotoxicity in vivo	:	Test Type: Mamm cytogenetic assay Species: Mouse Application Route: Method: OECD Te Result: negative	alian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo ) Ingestion est Guideline 474

## Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

## **Components:**

### Acetone:

Species: Mouse Application Route: Skin contact Exposure time: 1 Years Result: negative

### Xylene:

Species: Rat Application Route: Ingestion Exposure time: 103 weeks Result: negative

DOW CORNING

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:
1.6	30.04.2016	1109795-00007

Date of last issue: 19.11.2015 Date of first issue: 12.01.2015

## Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy:

Species: Rat Application Route: inhalation (vapour) Exposure time: 13 weeks Result: negative Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

### Ethylbenzene:

Species: Rat Application Route: Inhalation Exposure time: 104 weeks Result: positive Remarks: The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in humans.

## Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

### **Components:**

Acetone:		
Effects on fertility	:	Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study Species: Rat Application Route: Ingestion Result: negative
Effects on foetal develop- ment	:	Test Type: Embryo-foetal development Species: Mouse Result: negative
Butan-1-ol:		
Effects on fertility	:	Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study Species: Rat Application Route: inhalation (vapour) Method: OECD Test Guideline 416 Result: negative
Effects on foetal develop- ment	:	Test Type: Embryo-foetal development Species: Rat Application Route: Ingestion Result: negative
Propane:		
Effects on fertility	:	Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test Species: Rat Application Route: inhalation (gas) Method: OECD Test Guideline 422 Result: negative
Effects on foetal develop- ment	:	Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test Species: Rat

Vers 1.6	ion	Revision Date: 30.04.2016	SE 11	0S Number: 09795-00007	Date of last issue: 19.11.2015 Date of first issue: 12.01.2015		
				Application Route Method: OECD T Result: negative	e: inhalation (gas) est Guideline 422		
	Xylene Effects	e: on fertility	:	Test Type: One-g Species: Rat Application Route Result: negative	eneration reproduction toxicity study e: inhalation (vapour)		
	Effects on foetal develop- : ment		:	: Test Type: Embryo-foetal development Species: Rat Application Route: inhalation (vapour) Result: negative			
	Napht	ha (petroleum), hydro	des	ulfurized heavy:			
	Effects	s on fertility	:	Test Type: Reprotest Species: Rat Application Route Result: negative Remarks: Based	duction/Developmental toxicity screening e: inhalation (vapour) on data from similar materials		
	Effects ment	on foetal develop-	:	Test Type: Embry Species: Rat Application Route Result: negative Remarks: Based	vo-foetal development e: inhalation (vapour) on data from similar materials		
	Ethylb	enzene:					
	Effects	s on fertility	:	Test Type: Two-g Species: Rat Application Route Method: OECD T Result: negative	eneration reproduction toxicity study e: inhalation (vapour) est Guideline 415		
	Effects ment	on foetal develop-	:	Test Type: Embry Species: Rat Application Route Method: OECD T Result: negative	vo-foetal development e: Inhalation est Guideline 414		
	1.2.4-T	rimethvlbenzene:					
	Effects	s on fertility	:	Test Type: Three Species: Rat Application Route Method: OECD T Result: negative	-generation reproduction toxicity study e: inhalation (vapour) est Guideline 416		
	Effects ment	on foetal develop-	:	Test Type: Embry Species: Rat Application Route Method: OECD T	/o-foetal development e: inhalation (vapour) est Guideline 414		

**DOW CORNING** 

Version 1.6	Revision Date: 30.04.2016	SDS Number: 1109795-00007	Date of last issue: 19.11.2015 Date of first issue: 12.01.2015
		Result: nega	ative
Butar	ne:		
Effect	s on fertility	: Test Type: ( reproduction Species: Ra Application Method: OE Result: nega	Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the n/developmental toxicity screening test t Route: inhalation (gas) CD Test Guideline 422 ative
Effect ment	s on foetal develop-	: Test Type: 0 reproduction Application Method: OE Result: nega	Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the n/developmental toxicity screening test Route: inhalation (gas) CD Test Guideline 422 ative
n-But	yl acetate:		
Effect	s on fertility	: Test Type: <sup>-</sup> Species: Ra Application Method: OE Result: nega	Two-generation reproduction toxicity study t Route: inhalation (vapour) CD Test Guideline 416 ative

## STOT - single exposure

Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

#### Components:

#### Acetone:

Assessment: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

#### Butan-1-ol:

Assessment: May cause respiratory irritation.

Assessment: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

#### Propane:

Assessment: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

### Xylene:

Assessment: May cause respiratory irritation.

### Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy:

Assessment: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

## 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene:

Assessment: May cause respiratory irritation.

#### Butane:

Assessment: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

DOW CORNING

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:
1.6	30.04.2016	1109795-00007

Date of last issue: 19.11.2015 Date of first issue: 12.01.2015

### n-Butyl acetate:

Assessment: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

### STOT - repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Components:**

#### Xylene:

Exposure routes: inhalation (vapour) Target Organs: Central nervous system, Liver, Kidney Assessment: Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at concentrations of >0.2 to 1 mg/l/6h/d.

### Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy:

Target Organs: Central nervous system Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

#### Ethylbenzene:

Exposure routes: inhalation (vapour) Target Organs: Auditory system Assessment: Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at concentrations of >0.2 to 1 mg/l/6h/d.

#### Repeated dose toxicity

#### **Components:**

#### Acetone:

Species: Rat LOAEL: 1,700 mg/kg Application Route: Ingestion Exposure time: 90 Days

#### Butan-1-ol:

Species: Rat NOAEL: 125 mg/kg Application Route: Ingestion Exposure time: 13 Weeks

#### **Propane:**

Species: Rat NOAEL: 9000 ppm Application Route: inhalation (gas) Exposure time: 6 Weeks Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

## Xylene:

Species: Rat NOAEL: 4.35 mg/l

DOW CORNING

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:
1.6	30.04.2016	1109795-00007

Date of last issue: 19.11.2015 Date of first issue: 12.01.2015

Application Route: inhalation (vapour) Exposure time: 90 Days

### Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy:

Species: Rat NOAEL: 2.34 mg/l LOAEL: 4.67 mg/l Application Route: inhalation (vapour) Exposure time: 6 Months Method: OECD Test Guideline 413 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

### Ethylbenzene:

Species: Rat, female LOAEL: 75 ppm Application Route: inhalation (vapour) Exposure time: 104 Weeks

### 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene:

Species: Rat NOAEL: 600 mg/kg Application Route: Ingestion Exposure time: 90 Days

Species: Rat NOAEL: 1800 mg/m3 Application Route: inhalation (vapour) Exposure time: 12 Months

## Butane:

Species: Rat NOAEL: 9000 ppm Application Route: inhalation (gas) Exposure time: 6 Weeks Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

#### n-Butyl acetate:

Species: Rat NOAEL: 2.4 mg/l Application Route: inhalation (vapour) Exposure time: 90 Days

## Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

### **Components:**

#### Xylene:

The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.



Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 19.11.2015
1.6	30.04.2016	1109795-00007	Date of first issue: 12.01.2015

### Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy:

The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

### Ethylbenzene:

The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

### 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene:

The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

#### Experience with human exposure

#### **Components:**

### Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy:

Inhalation	:	Target Organs: Central nervous system
		Symptoms: Dizziness, Headache, Neurological disorders

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Components:

### Acetone:

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 6,210 - 8,120 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia pulex (Water flea)): 8,800 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chron- ic toxicity)	:	NOEC: 1,106 - 2,212 mg/l Exposure time: 28 d Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)
Butan-1-ol:		
Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 1,376 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1,328 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Toxicity to algae	:	EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 225 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Vers 1.6	sion	Revision Date: 30.04.2016	SD 11	9S Number: 09795-00007	Date of last issue: 19.11.2015 Date of first issue: 12.01.2015	
	Toxicity	v to bacteria	:	EC50 (Pseudomo Exposure time: 17	nas putida): 4,390 mg/l ′ h	
	Toxicity aquatic ic toxici	to daphnia and other invertebrates (Chron- ty)	:	NOEC: 4.1 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea) Method: OECD Test Guideline 211		
	Xylene	:				
	Toxicity	r to fish	:	LC50 (Oncorhync Exposure time: 96 Method: OECD Te Remarks: Based o	hus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 2.6 mg/l 5 h est Guideline 203 on data from similar materials	
	Toxicity aquatic	to daphnia and other invertebrates	:	IC50 (Daphnia ma Exposure time: 24 Method: OECD Te Remarks: Based o	agna (Water flea)): 1 mg/l l h est Guideline 202 on data from similar materials	
	Toxicity	v to algae	:	EC10 (Pseudokiro mg/l Exposure time: 72 Method: OECD Te Remarks: Based o ErC50 (Pseudokir mg/l Exposure time: 72	chneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 1.9 2 h est Guideline 201 on data from similar materials chneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 4.36 2 h	
				Method: OECD Te Remarks: Based o	est Guideline 201 on data from similar materials	
	Toxicity	to bacteria	:	EC50 : > 157 mg/ Exposure time: 3 Method: OECD Te Remarks: Based of	l h est Guideline 209 on data from similar materials	
	Toxicity icity)	to fish (Chronic tox-	:	NOEC: > 1.3 mg/l Exposure time: 56 Species: Oncorhy	d nchus mykiss (rainbow trout)	
	Toxicity aquatic ic toxici	to daphnia and other invertebrates (Chron- ty)	:	EC10: 1.91 mg/l Exposure time: 21 Species: Daphnia Method: OECD Te Remarks: Based of	d magna (Water flea) est Guideline 211 on data from similar materials	
	Naphth	a (petroleum), hydro	des	ulfurized heavy:		
	Toxicity	to fish		LL50 (Oncorhynch Exposure time: 96 Test substance: V Method: OECD Te Remarks: Based of	nus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 10 - 30 mg/l 5 h Vater Accommodated Fraction est Guideline 203 on data from similar materials	
	Toxicity aquatic	to daphnia and other invertebrates	:	EL50 (Daphnia ma Exposure time: 48	agna (Water flea)): 10 - 22 mg/l 3 h	

Vers 1.6	ion Revision Date: 30.04.2016	SD 11	9S Number: 09795-00007	Date of last issue: 19.11.2015 Date of first issue: 12.01.2015
			Test substance: V Method: OECD Te Remarks: Based e	Vater Accommodated Fraction est Guideline 202 on data from similar materials
	Toxicity to algae		EL50 (Pseudokird mg/l Exposure time: 72 Test substance: V Method: OECD Te Remarks: Based of	hneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 4.6 - 10 2 h Vater Accommodated Fraction est Guideline 201 on data from similar materials
			NOELR (Pseudok mg/l Exposure time: 72 Test substance: V Method: OECD Te Remarks: Based of	tirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.22 2 h Vater Accommodated Fraction est Guideline 201 on data from similar materials
	Toxicity to daphnia and oth aquatic invertebrates (Chro ic toxicity)	er : on-	NOELR: 0.097 mg Exposure time: 21 Species: Daphnia Remarks: Based o	g/l l d magna (Water flea) on data from similar materials
	Ethylbenzene:			
	Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Oncorhync Exposure time: 96 Method: OECD To	hus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 4.2 mg/l 5 h est Guideline 203
	Toxicity to daphnia and oth aquatic invertebrates	er :	EC50 (Daphnia m Exposure time: 48	agna (Water flea)): 1.8 - 2.4 mg/l 3 h
	Toxicity to algae	:	EC50 (Pseudokiro mg/l Exposure time: 72	chneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 5.4 2 h
	Toxicity to bacteria	:	EC50 (Nitrosomo Exposure time: 24 Method: OECD Te	nas sp.): 96 mg/l l h est Guideline 209
	Toxicity to daphnia and oth aquatic invertebrates (Chro ic toxicity)	er : on-	NOEC: 0.96 mg/l Exposure time: 7 Species: Cerioda	d ohnia dubia (water flea)
	1.2.4-Trimethylbenzene:			
	Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Pimephale Exposure time: 96	s promelas (fathead minnow)): 7.72 mg/l S h
	Toxicity to daphnia and oth aquatic invertebrates	er :	EC50 (Daphnia m Exposure time: 48 Method: OECD Te	agna (Water flea)): 3.6 mg/l 3 h est Guideline 202
	Toxicity to algae	:	EC50 (Desmodes Exposure time: 96	mus subspicatus (green algae)): 2.356 mg/l Sh

Vers 1.6	sion	Revision Date: 30.04.2016	SD 11	9S Number: 09795-00007	Date of last issue: 19.11.2015 Date of first issue: 12.01.2015			
	Ecotox	icology Assessment						
	Chronic	aquatic toxicity	:	Toxic to aquatic lif Remarks: Based of 1272/2008, Anney	e with long lasting effects. In harmonised classification in EU regulation VI			
	n-Butyl	acetate:						
	Toxicity	to fish	:	LC50 (Pimephales Exposure time: 96	s promelas (fathead minnow)): 18 mg/l 5 h			
	Toxicity aquatic	to daphnia and other invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 44 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h				
	Toxicity	to algae	:	ErC50 (Desmodes Exposure time: 72	smus subspicatus (green algae)): 674.7 mg/l ? h			
				NOEC (Desmode Exposure time: 72	smus subspicatus (green algae)): 200 mg/l ! h			
	Toxicity	to bacteria	:	IC50 (Protozoa): 3 Exposure time: 40	856 mg/l ) h			
	Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chron- ic toxicity)		:	NOEC: 23 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea) Method: OECD Test Guideline 211				
12.2	Persist	ence and degradabili	ity					
	<u>Compo</u>	nents:						
	Aceton	e:						
	Biodegr	adability	:	Result: Readily bio Biodegradation: 9 Exposure time: 28	odegradable. )1 % 5 d			
	Butan-	1-ol:						
	Biodegr	adability	:	Result: Readily bio Biodegradation: S Exposure time: 20	odegradable. 92 % 9 d			
	Propan	e:						
	Biodegr	adability	<ul> <li>Result: Readily biodegradable.</li> <li>Biodegradation: 100 %</li> <li>Exposure time: 385.5 h</li> <li>Remarks: Based on data from similar materials</li> </ul>		odegradable. 00 % 55.5 h on data from similar materials			
	Xylene							
	Biodegr	adability	:	Result: Readily bio Biodegradation: 8 Exposure time: 28 Method: OECD Te Remarks: Based of	odegradable. 37.8 % 6 d est Guideline 301F on data from similar materials			

Ver 1.6	sion	Revision Date: 30.04.2016	SE 11	OS Number: 09795-00007	Date of last issue: 19.11.2015 Date of first issue: 12.01.2015
	Naphtl	ha (petroleum), hydro	des	ulfurized heavy:	
	Biodeg	radability	:	Result: Readily bi Biodegradation: 7 Exposure time: 28 Method: OECD To Remarks: Based	odegradable. 74.7 % 3 d est Guideline 301F on data from similar materials
	Ethylb	enzene:			
	Biodeg	radability	:	Result: Readily bi Biodegradation: 7 Exposure time: 28	odegradable. 70 - 80 % 3 d
	1,2,4-T	rimethylbenzene:			
	Biodeg	radability	:	Result: rapidly de Biodegradation: Exposure time: 1	gradable 100 % d
	Butane	e:			
	Biodeg	radability	:	Result: Readily bi Biodegradation: Exposure time: 38 Remarks: Based	odegradable. 100 % 35.5 h on data from similar materials
	n-Buty	l acetate:			
	Biodeg	radability	:	Result: Readily bi Biodegradation: S Exposure time: 28 Method: OECD T	odegradable. 96 % 3 d est Guideline 301D
12.3	3 Bioaco	cumulative potential			
	<u>Comp</u>	onents:			
	Acetor	ne:			
	Partitio octano	n coefficient: n- I/water	:	log Pow: -0.24	
	Butan-	·1-ol:			
	Partitio octano	n coefficient: n- I/water	:	log Pow: 1	
	Propa	ne:			
	Partitio octano	n coefficient: n- l/water	:	log Pow: 2.31	
	Xylene	):			
	Bioacc	umulation	:	Species: Oncorhy Bioconcentration	nchus mykiss (rainbow trout) factor (BCF): 5.4 - 25.9

DOW CORNING

Vers 1.6	sion	Revision Date: 30.04.2016	SE 11	98 Number: 09795-00007	Date of last issue: 19.11.2015 Date of first issue: 12.01.2015
	Partition octanol	n coefficient: n- /water	:	log Pow: 3.12 - 3.	2
	Naphth	a (petroleum), hydro	des	ulfurized heavy:	
	Partition octanol	n coefficient: n- /water	:	log Pow: > 4 Remarks: Based o	on data from similar materials
	Ethylbe	enzene:			
	Bioaccu	umulation	:	Species: Fish Bioconcentration f Remarks: Based o	factor (BCF): < 100 on data from similar materials
	Partition octanol	n coefficient: n- /water	:	log Pow: 3.6	
	1,2,4-T	rimethylbenzene:			
	Bioaccu	umulation	:	Species: Cyprinus Bioconcentration	s carpio (Carp) factor (BCF): 33 - 275
	Butane	:			
	Partition octanol	n coefficient: n- /water	:	log Pow: 2.31	
	n-Butyl	acetate:			
	Partition octanol	n coefficient: n- /water	:	log Pow: 2.3	
12.4	Mobilit	y in soil			
	No data	available			
12.5	<b>Result</b> Not rele	s of PBT and vPvB a evant	sse	ssment	
12.6	Other a	adverse effects			
	No data	available			
SEC		13: Disposal consid	dera	ations	

## 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product :	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific. Waste codes should be assigned by the user, preferably in discussion with the waste disposal authorities.
Contaminated packaging :	<ul> <li>Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.</li> <li>Empty containers retain residue and can be dangerous.</li> <li>Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury and/or death.</li> </ul>

.,			~ ~	<b></b>				
Vers 1.6	ion	Revision Date: 30.04.2016	SD 11(	S Number: )9795-00007	Date of last issue: 19.11.2015 Date of first issue: 12.01.2015			
				If not otherwise sp Please ensure aeı (including propella	pecified: Dispose of as unused product. rosol cans are sprayed completely empty ant)			
SEC	SECTION 14: Transport information							
14.1	UN nur	nber						
	ADN		:	UN 1950				
	ADR		:	UN 1950				
	RID		:	UN 1950				
	IMDG		:	UN 1950				
	ΙΑΤΑ		:	UN 1950				
14.2	UN pro	per shipping name						
	ADN		:	AEROSOLS				
	ADR		:	AEROSOLS				
	RID		:	AEROSOLS				
	IMDG		:	AEROSOLS				
	ΙΑΤΑ		:	Aerosols, flammal	ble			
14.3	Transp	ort hazard class(es)						
	ADN		:	2.1				
	ADR		:	2.1				
	RID		:	2.1				
	IMDG		:	2.1				
	ΙΑΤΑ		:	2.1				
14.4	Packin	g group						
	<b>ADN</b> Packing Classifi Labels	g group cation Code	:	Not assigned by re 5F 2.1	egulation			
	ADR Packing Classifie Labels Tunnel	g group cation Code restriction code	:	Not assigned by re 5F 2.1 (D)	egulation			
	RID Packing Classifie Hazard Labels	g group cation Code Identification Number	:	Not assigned by re 5F 23 2.1	egulation			
	<b>IMDG</b> Packing Labels	g group	:	Not assigned by re 2.1	egulation			

DOW CORNING

Vers 1.6	sion	Revision Date: 30.04.2016	SD 11	9S Number: 09795-00007	Date of last issue: 19.11.2015 Date of first issue: 12.01.2015
	EmS C	ode	:	F-D, S-U	
	IATA (C Packing	Cargo) g instruction (cargo	:	203	
	Packing Packing Labels	g instruction (LQ) g group	:	Y203 Not assigned by r Flammable Gas	egulation
	IATA (F Packing ger airc	Passenger) g instruction (passen- traft)	:	203	
	Packing Packing Labels	g instruction (LQ) g group	::	Y203 Not assigned by re Flammable Gas	egulation
14.5 Environmental hazards					
	<b>ADN</b> Environ	mentally hazardous	:	no	
	<b>ADR</b> Environ	mentally hazardous	:	no	
	<b>RID</b> Environ	mentally hazardous	:	no	
	<b>IMDG</b> Marine	pollutant	:	no	
14.6	<b>Specia</b> Not app	I precautions for use	r		
14.7	<b>Transp</b> Remark	oort in bulk according	to :	Annex II of Marpo Not applicable for	I and the IBC Code product as supplied.

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

The components of this pro REACH	duc :	at are reported in the following inventories: All ingredients (pre-)registered or exempt.
AICS	:	Consult your local Dow Corning office.
IECSC	:	Consult your local Dow Corning office.
ENCS/ISHL	:	Some components are not listed or not identified on ENCS/ISHL.
KECI	:	One or more ingredients are not listed or exempt.
PICCS	:	Consult your local Dow Corning office.
TCSI	:	All ingredients listed or exempt.



Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	D
1.6	30.04.2016	1109795-00007	D

Date of last issue: 19.11.2015 Date of first issue: 12.01.2015

### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

Full text of H-Statements				
H220 :	Extremely flammable gas.			
H225 :	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.			
H226 :	Flammable liquid and vapour.			
H280 :	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.			
H302 :	Harmful if swallowed.			
H304 :	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.			
H312 :	Harmful in contact with skin.			
H315 :	Causes skin irritation.			
H318 :	Causes serious eye damage.			
H319 :	Causes serious eye irritation.			
H332 :	Harmful if inhaled.			
H335 :	May cause respiratory irritation.			
H336 :	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.			
H372 :	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated			
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated			
	exposure.			
H411 :	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.			
H412 :	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.			
Full text of other abbreviations				
Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity			
Aquatic Chronic :	Chronic aquatic toxicity			
Asp. Tox.	Aspiration hazard			
Eve Dam.	Serious eve damage			
Eve Irrit. :	Eve irritation			
Flam. Gas :	Flammable gases			
Flam. Lig. :	Flammable liguids			
Press. Gas :	Gases under pressure			
Skin Irrit. :	Skin irritation			
STOT RE :	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure			
STOT SE :	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure			
2000/39/EC :	Europe. Commission Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first			
	list of indicative occupational exposure limit values			
IL BEI :	Israel. Safety at Work Regulations - Annex III Biological Expo-			
	sure Indices			
IL OEL :	Israel. Safety at Work Regulations (Environmental monitoring			
	and biological monitoring of workers)			
2000/39/EC / TWA :	Limit Value - eight hours			
2000/39/EC / STEL :	Short term exposure limit			
IL OEL / TLV-TWA :	Threshold Limit Value - Time Weighted (TLV-TWA)			
IL OEL / TLV-C :	Threshold Limit Value - Ceiling (TLV-C)			

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx -

DOW CORNING

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 19.11.2015
1.6	30.04.2016	1109795-00007	Date of first issue: 12.01.2015

Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx -Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### Further information

Sources of key data used to :	Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD
compile the Safety Data	eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agen-
Sheet	cy, http://echa.europa.eu/

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

IL / EN