### A Practitioner's View of Commercial Business's Desired Value Add from Software Testing

#### Created for:

Departments of Information System Engineering & Industrial and Management Engineering Software Quality and Testing - Academia and Industry Symposium May 28 2013

> Ben Gurion University of the Negev Building 71, Senate Auditorium

By: Scott Barber Chief Technologist PerfTestPlus, Inc.

**Business Value of Testing** 

© 2013 PerfTestPlus, Inc. All rights reserved.

PerfTestPlus Scott Barber





#### Chief Technologist, PerfTestPlus, Inc.

sbarber@perftestplus.com www.perftestplus.com

@sbarber

**Co-Founder**: Workshop On Performance and Reliability www.performance-workshop.org

Author:

Web Load Testing

### **Co-Author:** for Web Applications DUMMIES

#### **Contributing Author:**



Books: <u>www.perftestplus.com/pubs</u>

#### About me: <u>about.me/scott.barber</u>

**Business Value of Testing** 

© 2013 PerfTestPlus, Inc. All rights reserved.

### **Relevant Background**

- Son of a Teacher: <u>Good Enough</u>vs. Good or Best; Complex Problem Solving
- **BS Civil Engineering:** <u>Testing vs. Inspections;</u> Project Management; <u>R&D Methods</u>
- Military Officer: Missions; <u>Risk Management;</u> Accountability vs. Responsibility
- Information Engineer: <u>Real Value</u>; Operational Efficiencies
- **MS Information Technology:** <u>Tech Management</u>

**Business Owner/Executive Consulting:** *Profit*; Business Decision Making; *Executive Expectations* 



# Industry values profit over quality

## **Industry views** quality as an unfortunate, costly, derivative necessity

## Testing (is currently) associated with quality (in industry)

## Testing (as an isolated activity) has no inherent value (to industry)

## (In industry,) The information obtained from testing is (sometimes) valuable

## (In industry,) **Business needs** outweigh user's preferences (and tester's desires)

## (In industry,) Sometimes, (certain or additional) testing is more expensive than failing

### **Bottom Line**

# Nobody (in their right mind) wants to pay for testing

### ... Especially Business

- "Executives and testers agree, the most important problem is testing focused on ensuring that the product solves the business problem."
- "Most testers ignore (or loosely pay attention to) testing focused on **controlling** operations **costs**. Executives think this testing activity is important."
- "Executives largely don't care about testing to ensure that they are compliant with regulations."
- "Executives want fast and scalable solutions to business problems that don't cost a lot to run or maintain."

\*From "How Founders Think About Testing" by Mike Kelly, STPCon, 2011

### **Remember, Businesses Know**



### Therefore...

## If you think you can convince an executive that s/he wants to pay for testing...

### Therefore...

# ... you are likely Overly Optimistic or just plain Wrong



# Industry (is usually) willing to pay for value

## Nowadays people know the price of everything and the value of nothing.

**OSCAR WILDE** 

01 

01 10 01

### Testing is <u>not</u> a Product\*

\*Unless you sell Testing Services

# In industry, testing is one or more of:

- An Information Service (optional expense)
- A Risk Management Tool (optional expense)
- A Risk Mitigation Method (optional expense)
- A Compliance Mandate (unfortunate expense)
- A way to spread blame (just sad)

### Therefore...

### (In Industry) Testing Adds Value by:

- Providing as much information as possible...
- ... at a reasonable cost...
- ... to stakeholders involved with developing, customizing, implementing, assessing, managing, and/or making business decisions...
- ... related to the (potential) product,
- ... where that information allows the product to generate, protect, or support revenue
  *sooner, cheaper and/or better*...

• ... than if testing was \*not\* done.

### In Other Words, Industry Values Testing:

- While developing/enhancing MVPs/products that:
  - Is transparent to executives
  - Reduces the time/expense to market
  - Minimizes "out of development" fixes/support
- Separate from (possibly concurrent with) development to:
  - Assess/enhance fitness for use
  - Assess/enhance value to the user/customer
- On release candidates that is:
  - Required by external, oversight/compliance groups
  - Necessary for safety, security or support

To assess/manage/mitigate business risk

### **Business Value of Testing**



Copyright 2012, PerfTestPlus, Inc. All Rights Reserved

#### \*Large view http://www.perftestplus.com/resources/Business\_View\_of\_Test.pdf

### "4 Core" Testing Areas

# Development **Fitness for Purpose** Compliance **Business Risk**

### Each of These Areas...

**Employ different testing approaches, such as:** 

- White box, Unit, Component, etc.
- Business Rules, Usability, Acceptance, etc.
- V&V, Compliance, etc.
- **Demand different testing skills:** 
  - Assess/enhance fitness for use
  - Assess/enhance value to the user/customer
- **Deliver different value:** 
  - Required by external, oversight/compliance groups
  - Necessary for safety, security or support

#### **Need different support from academia**

### Academic Support Ideas (General)

**Refine software development/test/delivery models:** 

- Software creation is R&D
- Embedded system delivery is manufacturing
- QA/QC can apply to hardware, but not software
- "Take over" entry level credentialing:
  - Professional/Academic Certificates
  - Minors
  - Professional Development Courses
- **Establish Teaching/Learning Theory for Testing:** 
  - Testing Design ≈ Experimental Design
  - Relate to Bloom/Anderson & Krathwal ?
  - Apply to Practice

### **R&D or Manufacturing?**



### **Teaching/Learning Theory**

Relationship to Anderson & Krathwal's revision of Bloom's Taxonomy		Cognitive Process Dimension					
		Remember (Knowledge)	Understand (Comprehend)	Apply (Application)	Analyze (Analysis)	Evaluate (Evaluation)	Create (Synthesis)
Knowledge Dimension	Assessment Dimension	System Dimension					
		Static Data & Objects	Dynamic Data & Objects	Interactions & Integrations	Data & Usage Flows	Derived/ Calculated Data & Objects	Fitness For Use
Factual	Informational						
Conceptual	Progress/Completeness						
	Correctness						
Procedural	Auditable						
	Legal						
Meta-Cognitive	Risk-Control						
	Security						
	Performance						

#### \*More Info:

http://www.perftestplus.com/resources/testing\_tasks-n-blooms\_taxonomy.pdf

### Academic Support Ideas (Development)

- **Change expectations for development:** 
  - Delivered code should do what it is programmed to
  - Delivered code should not have "stop-ship" defects
- **Demonstrate the value of dev/test collaboration:** 
  - As in "classic" engineering (R&D)
  - \*Everyone\* tests
  - What testing is more valuable in this model
- Publish industry implementable research:
  - Industry needs cost-saving solutions with case studies, not algorithms
  - Industry wants demonstrated products & methodologies, not "half-baked open source ideas"

### Academic Support Ideas (Fitness for Purpose)

- Demonstrate value of Fitness Testing separate from other testing:
  - Fitness must focus on utility & value, not defect hunting
  - Defect hunting is more efficient within R&D
- Demonstrate long-term reductions in support costs with effective Fitness Testing
  - "Everyone" talks about cost reduction through bug finding/resolution
  - "No one" is talking about cost reduction by delivering products that solve customer problems & are easy to use.

### Academic Support Ideas (Compliance)

- Expose weaknesses, misunderstandings & waste:
  - In existing regulations
  - Help industry remove "no-value added" compliance demands
- Expose unnecessary costs in antiquated methods:
  - Paper & signature vs. digital accountability
  - Rigid process audits that discourage continuous improvement

### Academic Support Ideas (Business Risk)

- Educate CS/IS/IT students in business risk management:
  - How & why it is done, adds value & relates to software
- Expose the difference between testing and risk management:
  - Testing exposes p/f, good/bad, correct/incorrect
  - Risk management exposes potential expense (e.g.)
- Joint research with MBA types:
  - How to account for/reduce cost of testing
  - Maximize value from investment in testing

#### Refer to Chapter 16: *Rightsizing the Cost of Testing: Tips for Executives*

http://www.perftestplus.com/Rightsizing\_the\_Cost\_of\_Testing.pdf



### Academic Support Ideas (Bonus)

## **Contact me if you** are interest in research related to system performance & testing

### **Questions?**



**Business Value of Testing** 

© 2013 PerfTestPlus, Inc. All rights reserved.

### **Contact Info**



about.me/scott.barber

### Chief Technologist PerfTestPlus, Inc.

E-mail:

sbarber@perftestplus.com

Web Site: www.PerfTestPlus.com

Blog: scott-barber.blogspot.com Twitter: @sbarber

**Business Value of Testing** 

© 2013 PerfTestPlus, Inc. All rights reserved.